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VISUAL ART

Kadonaga allows the material to speak for the art

By Sheila Farr
/ Seattle Times art critic

Propped bamboo poles, a stack of handmade paper, a chunk of tree trunk peeled and burnished: These are the raw materials of Kazuo Kadonaga's art. They are also, in much the same state, his finished product. In a sense, for Kadonaga, the material is the message.

Kadonaga has a two-part exhibition this month. At Suyama Space, in Belltown, he's created the indoor equivalent of a Zen garden: just natural

objects—wood, paper, bamboo—gently manipulated and meaningfully placed. His other show, at Greg Kucera Gallery, focuses mainly on the artist's massive glass sculptures. All the work seems worshipful, in an animistic sort of way—as if Kadonaga were intent on finding the god in each material and gently revealing it.

There's a cliché about glass being a "seductive" material, captivating enough on its own that even a mediocre artist can make something that will sweep people up in its charm. It's the shiny surface, the translucence and, above all, the lush colors that flare up with any passing ray of light that draw people to glass.

Kadonaga frees glass from that cliché simply by letting it be itself. He doesn't bother with color or special effects. He doesn't use the standard methods of creating form, the



Kazuo Kadonaga's show at Greg Kucera Gallery focuses on his massive glass Sculptures.

circus-like activity of glass-blowing or the geometric molding process that the great Czech team of Stanislav Libenský and Jaroslava Brychtová have used so brilliantly.

Kadonaga simply heats the material, releases it, and allows temperature to dictate its form. He pours a thin stream of molten glass into a warmed receptacle-kiln, letting the stuff slowly pile into a massive hive-like mound weighing

about a ton. The glass takes months to fully harden.

If the process doesn't go just right, the glass cracks. To Western eyes, that's considered a flaw, says Kucera Gallery "Glass and Wood"
installations by Kadonaga
10:30 a.m.- 5:30 p.m.
Tuesdays-Saturdays
through February 1
at Greg Kucera Gallery,
212 Third Ave. S., Seattle
(206-624-0770)

manager Jena Scott. The five pieces in the front gallery at Kucera all fit the Western notion of flawless success. Yet the artist is just as fond of some of the other sculptures in the series, ones with cracks and imperfections. He plans to have a show of those, too.

At Suyama Space, it becomes clear that for Kadonaga other materials are just as expressive as glass. When he gets his hands on giant stalks of timber bamboo or slabs of tree trunk, he doesn't seem to be *making* art so much as translating it. It's as if he knows the language of wood and wants to help us to understand it, too. Or maybe it's not a language but a frequency that he's atuned to. The work is so simple that the skill of making it doesn't boggle the mind: The amazing thing is the artist's receptivity. Who else would have thought to stack paper to a hefty depth and then simply compress one end of it into a slice of perfection?

Kadonaga's work gets compared to minimalism,

"Pure Form" sculpture by Kazuo Kadonaga 9:00 a.m.- 5:00 p.m. Mondays - Fridays through April 11 at Suyama Space 2324 Second Ave., Seattle (206-256-0809) but that category doesn't fully capture what he's doing. The similarity is all on the surface. Minimalism bypasses content for the pure expression of condensed form, as dictated by the artist. In Kadonaga's case, he allows the materials to dictate to him. Both styles of

artmaking are based on a philosophy, but Minimalism is an intellectual exercise. Kadonaga's art seems to be a spiritual one.

Beth Sellars, curator of the Suyama Space, has been following Kadonaga's work since the early 1980s when she first saw it at the Space Gallery in Los Angeles. When she heard there was a traveling exhibition at the Schneider Museum in Ashland, Ore., she figured she could find a way to get the work to Seattle. She talked to Greg Kucera about picking up part of the show, and he gladly agreed. Kadonaga came to Seattle to install the work—it's an essential part of what he does—and will remain here until the Kucera part of the show comes down.

Sellars says that Kadonaga's underlying approach to artmaking has remained consistent throughout his career. "He sets up a system and lets the natural aspect take over," she said. "He allows the humidity to do its thing. All the paper pieces here have become much more fluffy than they were at Salt Lake Art Center (Utah), where the air is much drier. The cracks in the logs have opened up quite a bit. The bamboos are splitting open. That's kind of a continuing process for him. When it goes to L.A. from here it will take on another configuration. It's kind of non-egotistical."

This joint exhibition is Kadonaga's first exposure in the Northwest, although he has exhibited around the world. Born in 1946, he lives in Kanazawa, Japan, and has work in the permanent collections of the National Museum of

Modern Art, Mexico; The National Kroller Muller Museum, The Netherlands; U.C. Santa Barbara Art Museum; and The Museum of Modern Art, Toyama, Japan, among others. If we are lucky, a few pieces will end up in collections here as well.

The Suyama Space part of the show is called "Pure Form." Yes, form is a major part of the show. But you can't overlook the texture, color, rhythm and harmonics of the work. As an opera singer's voice has color, Kadonaga's sculpture has tone.



At Suyama Space, Kazuo Kadonaga has crated the indoor equivalent of a Zen garden; just natural objects—wood, paper, bamboo—gently manipulated and meaningfully placed.